



MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 2ND QUARTER

(For the six months ended 30.09.2023)

Mahaweli Reach Hotels PLC
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income



For the six months ended 30 September,

	2023 (Unaudited) Rs.	2022 (Unaudited) Rs.
Revenue	328,239,053	242,818,843
Cost of sales	(257,831,307)	(226,605,244)
Gross profit	70,407,746	16,213,599
Other operating income	33,927,473	32,868,513
Administration expenses	(116,619,582)	(110,948,343)
Depreciation charge	(81,845,908)	(33,379,440)
Marketing and promotional expenses	(14,148,000)	(8,980,793)
Maintenance expenses	(31,370,849)	(27,025,726)
Profit / (loss) from operations	(139,649,120)	(131,252,190)
Finance cost	(26,370,847)	(13,088,912)
Profit / (loss) before income taxation	(166,019,967)	(144,341,102)
Income tax credits / (expenses)	-	-
Profit / (loss) for the period	(166,019,967)	(144,341,102)

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

Mahaweli Reach Hotels PLC
Statement of Financial Position



As at,	30.09.2023	31.03.2023
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	Rs.	Rs.
Assets		
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	2,731,964,980	2,801,771,364
Right of use asset (Land and Building)	875,000,000	875,000,000
	3,606,964,980	3,676,771,364
Current assets		
Inventories	44,799,223	36,248,810
Trade and other receivables	103,333,003	72,530,224
Other financial assets	34,753,698	22,120,923
Income tax refund	2,400,000	2,477,488
Cash and cash equivalents	131,434,444	13,784,458
	316,720,368	147,161,903
Total assets	3,923,685,348	3,823,933,267
Equity and Liabilities		
Equity		
Stated capital	585,445,870	585,445,870
Revaluation reserve	2,302,046,051	2,302,046,051
Accumulated loss	(764,716,481)	(598,606,514)
	2,122,775,439	2,288,795,407
Non-current liabilities		
Deferred tax liabilities	648,616,934	646,426,933
Retirement benefit obligation	66,011,066	67,982,116
Borrowings	243,435,077	167,506,428
Deferred income	20,691,310	19,116,651
	978,754,387	901,032,128
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	207,847,916	327,663,757
Due to related parties	404,764,648	67,041,311
Borrowings	204,566,385	232,849,432
Deferred income	4,976,572	6,551,232
	822,155,522	634,105,732
Total liabilities	1,800,909,909	1,535,137,860
Total equity and liabilities	3,923,685,348	3,823,933,267

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act No. 07 of 2007.


Ms. Nirosha Gunawardana - Finance Controller

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these financial statements. Signed for and on behalf of the Board by:


Mr. J. A. Panabunke - Director


Mr. W. P. Hettiaratchi - Director

Mahaweli Reach Hotels PLC
Statement of Changes in Equity



For the six months ended 30 September,

	Stated Capital (Unaudited) Rs.	Accumulated loss (Unaudited) Rs.	Revaluation Reserve (Unaudited) Rs.	Total (Unaudited) Rs.
Balance as at 01.04.2022	585,445,870	(581,265,393)	819,618,393	823,798,870
Profit / (loss) for the period	-	(144,341,102)	-	(144,341,102)
Balance as at 30.09.2022	585,445,870	(725,606,495)	819,618,393	679,457,768
Balance as at 01.04.2023	585,445,870	(598,696,514)	2,302,046,051	2,288,795,407
Profit / (loss) for the period	-	(166,019,967)	-	(166,019,967)
Balance as at 30.09.2023	585,445,870	(764,716,481)	2,302,046,051	2,122,775,440

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

Mahaweli Reach Hotels PLC
Statement of Cashflows



For the six months ended 30 September,

	2023 (Unaudited) Rs.	2022 (Unaudited) Rs.
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit / (Loss) for the period	(166,019,967)	(144,341,102)
Adjustments for :-		
Depreciation	81,845,908	33,379,440
Interest Expenses	11,802,860	1,310,666
Moratorium loan interest	14,567,987	80,286,178
Movement in Provision for Gratuity & Accruals	1,971,050	(9,824,244)
	(55,832,162)	(39,189,062)
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities :-		
(Increase) / Decrease In Inventories	(8,550,413)	(693,100)
(Increase) / Decrease In Trade and other Receivables	(30,802,779)	(10,873,158)
Increase / (Decrease) in due to Related parties	337,723,337	27,674,127
Increase / (Decrease) In Trade & Other Payables	(326,928,486)	53,705,929
	(84,390,504)	30,624,736
Interest paid	(11,802,860)	(1,310,666)
Gratuity paid	(1,971,050)	-
Net cash generated from operating activities	(98,164,414)	29,314,070
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchases of Property Plant & Equipments	-	-
Proceeds from disposal of Assets	-	-
Investment in WIP assests	-	-
Net cash used in investing activities	-	-
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from Loans	320,000,000	-
Repayment of Loans & Leases	(85,045,048)	(15,783,796)
Net cash used in financing activities	234,954,952	(15,783,796)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	136,790,538	13,530,274
Cash & Cash equivalents at beginning of the year	(135,056,068)	(90,765,491)
Cash & cash equivalents at end of period	1,734,470	(77,235,217)



INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The interim condensed financial statements of the Company for the 06 months ended 30th September 2023 were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 14th November 2023.

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The interim condensed financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standard (SLAS) LKAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting. These interim condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023.

These financial statements quarter ended 30th September 2023 have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for land and buildings.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The changes to accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these interim condensed financial statements and in preparing the opening SLFRS/LKAS, unless other indicated.

The presentation and classification of the financial statements of the previous periods have been amended, where relevant, for better presentation and to be comparable with those of the current period.

Finance costs

Finance Income comprise interest income from Staff Loans.

Finance cost comprise interest expense on borrowings.

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI) and fair value through profit or loss. A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

The financial assets include cash, trade and other receivables and loans and other receivables.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories.

- Financial assets at amortized cost (debt instruments)
 - Financial assets at fair value through OCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)
 - Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon de-recognition (equity instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.
- Financial assets at amortized cost (debt instruments)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method (EIR), less impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the income statement. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the income statement.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)



Financial assets (Continued)

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

The right to receive cash flows from the asset have expired

The company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the receivable cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either

(a) the company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or

(b) the company has either transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of it, the asset is recognised to the extent of the company's continuing involvement in it.

In the case, the company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the company has retained. Continuing involvement that takes the form of guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the company could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and where observable data indicate there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities within the scope of LKAS 39 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives as appropriate and determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and in the case of loans and borrowings, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

The financial liabilities include trade and other payables, bank overdrafts, loans and borrowings.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the income statement.

The company has not designated any financial liabilities upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial liabilities (Continued)



Borrowings

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement when the liability are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate method (EIR) amortization process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in the finance costs in the income statement.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and net amount reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Derecognition

A financial liability is de-recognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company principal financial liabilities comprise of loans, borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the company's operations. The Company has trade and other receivables, and cash that arise directly from its operations. The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the company's financial performance. Risk management is carried out under policies approved by the Board of Directors.

Share Information



Public share holdings

The percentage of shares held by the public as at 30th September 2023 was 19.99% (30th September 2022- 20.22%)

Directors' share holdings

The number of shares held by the Board of Directors are as follows:

As at	30-Sep-23	30-Sep-22
Mr J A Panabokke	1,905,858	1,905,858
Mr M U Maniku	1,217,306	1,217,306
Mr A N Esufally	332,000	332,000
Ms D L Panabokke	309,843	262,033
Mr. Janaka Asitha Panabo	176,460	174,460
Mr P B Panabokke(Altena)	52,660	45,160
	3,994,127	3,936,817

Twenty largest shareholders of the company are as follows:

As at	30-Sep-23	%
Universal Enterprises Pvt. Ltd	32,683,550	69.44%
Freudenberg Shipping Agencies Limited	3,000,000	6.37%
Mr. J A Panabokke	1,905,858	4.05%
Mr B D Panabokke	1,502,843	3.19%
Mr. M U Maniku	1,217,306	2.59%
Estate of Late Mr. K M Panabokke	826,637	1.76%
Estate of Late Mrs. L. R. Panabokke	819,050	1.74%
Mr. J A Panabokke & Mrs.K D Panabokke	731,418	1.55%
Mr. A N Esufally	332,000	0.71%
Ms. D L Panabokke	309,843	0.66%
Mrs.K D Panabokke	247,550	0.53%
Mackwoods Securities Limited	229,627	0.49%
Mr. H D Molligoda	187,965	0.40%
Mr. J Asitha Panabokke	176,460	0.37%
Ms. R.S. Molligoda	156,345	0.33%
Mackwoods Enterprises Limited	68,593	0.15%
Mr. R. Ratna Gopal	57,800	0.12%
Mr. P.B. Panabokke	52,660	0.11%
Mr. P.H Amarasinghe	51,090	0.11%
Merchant Bank of Sri Lanka & Finance PLC	50,000	0.11%
Others	2,459,852	5.23%
	47,066,447	100.00%

Stated capital

Stated capital is represented by number of shares in issue as given below:

As at 30th September 2023	No of Shares	Holding %	No of Shareholders
Others	37,656,645	80.01%	9
Public	9,409,802	19.99%	2,246
Ordinary shares	47,066,447	100%	2,255
Preference Shares	11,660	11,660	

Net assets per share As at

30-Sep-23	30-Sep-22
45.10	14.44

Net assets per share have been calculated, for all periods, based on the number of shares in issue as at 30th September 2023.

Market price per share

For the quarter ended 30th September

	2023	2022
	Rs.	Rs.
Highest	14.80	17.00
Lowest	12.10	14.10
Last traded	13.50	14.50
Market Capitalization on 30th September	635,397,035	682,463,482

Minimum Public Holding Requirement as per Listing Rules 7.13.1

	Float Adjusted Market Capitalisation - (Rs.)	Public Holding Percentage	No of Shareholders	Option
Minimum Public Holding	127,032,327	19.99%	2,246	2

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Name of the Company

Mahaweli Reach Hotels PLC



Legal Form

A Quoted Public Limited Liability Company Incorporated on 21st September 1973.

Company Registration No. PQ 127

Directors

Mr. M. U. Maniku - Chairman
Mr. J. A. Panabokke - Managing Director
Mr. A. N. Esufally
Mr. A. U. Maniku
Mr. A. M. Didi
Mr. W. P. Hettiaratchi - (FCA, FFA, FSCMA, MCMJ)
Mr. A. Nooradeen
Mr. J. C. Ratwatte
Mr. J. R. P. M. Paiva
Ms. D. L. Panabokke
Mr. J. Asitha Panabokke
Mr. P. B. Panabokke
Mr. S. I. Maniku
Ms. F. V. Mahir
Mr. U. M. Maniku

Audit Committee

Mr. S. I. Maniku
Mr. A. N. Esufally
Mr. J. C. Ratwatte
Mr. W.P. Hettiaratchi

Remuneration Committee

Mr. J. C. Ratwatte
Mr. J. R. P. M. Paiva
Ms. F. V. Mahir

Related Party Transaction Review Committee

Mr. J. C. Ratwatte
Mr. W. P. Hettiaratchi
Mr. J. A. Panabokke

Secretaries

Businessmate (Private) Limited
45 Braybrooke Street, Colombo 2
Tel.: +94 112 433933

Lawyers

A & N Partners Attorney-at-Law
No. 519/3 Baudhaloka Mawatha, Colombo 8
Tel.: +94 112665518

Auditors Messrs

Bakeritilly Edirisinghe & Co., Chartered Accountants
45 Braybrooke Street, Colombo 2

Bankers

Hatton National Bank - Kandy
Bank of Ceylon - Kandy
Commercial Bank of Ceylon - Kandy
Sampath Bank, Katugastota

Registered office

35 P. B. A. Weerakoon Mawatha, Kandy