MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 12 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2017.

MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	2017	2016	Unaudited 2017	Audited 2016
NOTE	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Revenue	168,083,692	213,081,294	589,599,153	628,694,758
Cost of sales	(75,031,332)	(76,116,541)	(293,698,510)	(248,468,604
Gross profit	93,052,360	136,964,753	295,900,643	380,226,154
Other income	17,327,147	13,936,441	55,367,459	37,097,181
Marketing & Promotional expenses	(9,576,670)	(5,137,766)	(28,919,178)	(26,934,430
Administrative & Other expenses	(73,023,561)	(77,477,166)	(284,187,730)	(288,210,885
Operating profit	27,779,276	68,286,262	38,161,194	102,178,020
Finance costs	(6,136,894)	(4,723,406)	(24,178,251)	(18,258,506
Finance income	606,764	186,060	2,758,344	110,084
Finance costs - net	(5,530,130)	(4,537,346)	(21,419,907)	(18,148,422
Profit before income tax	22,249,146	63,748,916	16,741,287	84,029,598
Income tax expense	(907,802)	(4,000,000)	(6,764,443)	(25,728,808
Profit/(Loss) for the period	21,341,344	59,748,916	9,976,844	58,300,790
Other Comprehensive Income				
Items that will never be reclassified to Profit or Loss				
Re- Measurement of Defined Benefit & Liability			-	480,851
Related Tax		-	•	(57,702
Other Comprehensive Income for the Year, Net of Tax	-	-	-	423,149
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	21,341,344	59,748,916	9,976,844	58,723,939
Earning/(Loss) per Share Rs.				
Earning/(Loss) per Share Rs.				
Basic	0.45	1.27	0.21	1.24

For the 03 Months Ended 31st March For the 12 Months Ended 31st March

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MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Unaudited 31.03.2017	Audited 31.03.2016
	Rs.	Rs.
Assets		
Non-current assets		
Property Plant & Equipment	1,300,438,014	1,305,512,273
Deferred Tax Assets	48,257,911	48,257,911
Work in Progress	27,449,352	10,746,210
Current assets		
Inventories	21,061,809	20,629,611
Trade & Other Receivables	79,777,539	53,028,484
Other current assets	22,841,113	23,797,472
Cash and Cash Equivalents	28,419,550	93,890,524
	152,100,011	191,346,091
Total Assets	1,528,245,289	1,555,862,485
Equity and liabilities		
Stated Capital	585,445,870	585,445,870
Revaluation Reserves	538,688,179	538,688,179
Retained Earnings	37,369,006	27,392,162
Total equity	1,161,503,054	1,151,526,211
Liabilities		
Non-current liabilities		
Interest Bearing Borrowings	87,818,942	105,200,351
Deferred Tax Liability	94,627,197	94,627,197
Retirement Benefit Obligations	49,788,695	46,205,834
	232,234,835	246,033,382
Current liabilities		
Trade and Other Payables	60,070,545	70,007,147
Due to Related Companies	3,656,660	25,309,692
Other Current Liabilities	13,009,059	5,683,365
Current Portion of Interest Bearing Borrowings	25,720,674	57,269,380
Bank Overdrafts	32,050,462	33,308
	134,507,400	158,302,892
Total liabilities	366,742,235	404,336,274
Total equity and liabilities	1,528,245,289	1,555,862,485

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These Financial Statements are in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act No.07 of 2007.



Sanjeewa Wickramasinghe Chief Accountant

The above figures are provisional & subject to audit Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

Signed for and on behalf of the Board

JAI Directo '12 Nay 2017

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Director

MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Stated Capital Rs.	Revaluation Reserve Rs.	Retained Earnings Rs.	Total Rs.
Balance as at 1st April 2016	585,445,870	538,688,179	27,392,162	1,151,526,211
Profit or loss			9,976,844	9,976,844
Balance as at 31 March 2017	585,445,870	538,688,179	37,369,006	1,161,503,055
Balance as at 1st April 2015	585,445,870	538,688,179	(31,331,777)	1,092,802,272
Profit or loss			58,300,790	58,300,790
Total Other Comprehensive Income for the Year			423,149	423,149
Balance as at 31 March 2016	585,445,870	538,688,179	27,392,162	1,151,526,211

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MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

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	Unaudited 31.03.2017 Rs.	Audited 31.03.2016 Rs.
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit / (Loss) for the period	16,741,287	84,029,598
Adjustments for :-		
Depreciation of Property, plant and equipment	60,247,996	53,257,056
Interest Expenses	13,938,795	13,844,426
Movement in Provision for Gratuity & Accruals	5,329,812	7,318,599
Disposal (Profit) / Loss	(4,600,000)	(1,154,971
Impairment provision for bad debts	600,000	4,148,998
Written Back/Off of Payables/Receivables		(1,009,421
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities :-	75,516,603	160,434,285
(Increase) / Decrease In Inventories	(432,198)	70,963
(Increase) / Decrease In Inventories (Increase) / Decrease In Trade and other receivables	(26,392,696)	648,400
Increase / (Decrease) in due to related parties	(21,653,032)	(7,666,308
Increase / (Decrease) In Trade & Other payables	(21,055,052) (2,610,908)	10,646,080
Increase / (Decrease) in Trade & Other payables	41,169,055	164,133,420
Interest paid	(13,938,795)	(11,262,555
Gratuity paid	(1,417,139)	(1.302,150
Tax paid	(7,094,263)	(7,496,668
Net cash generated from operating activities	18,718,858	144,072,047
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchases of Property Plant & Equipments	(62,206,872)	(68,561,243)
Proceeds from Sale of Property Plant & Equipments	4,600,000	1,250,000
Net cash used in investing activities	(57,606,872)	(67,311,243)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from Loans		50,000,000
Repayment of Loans & Leases	(58,600,115)	(58,339,688)
Net cash used in financing activities	(58,600,115)	(8,339,688)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(97,488,129)	68,421,116
Cash & Cash equivalents at beginning of the year	93,857,216	25,436,100
Cash & cash equivalents at end of period	(3,630,912)	93,857,216
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MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CORPORATE INFORMATION

INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The interim condensed financial statements of the Company for the 12 months ended 31 March 2017 were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 12 May 2017.

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BASIS OF PREPARATION

The interim condensed financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standard (SLAS) LKAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting. These interim condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017.

These financial statements quarter ended 31 March 2017 have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for land and buildings.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The changes to accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these interim condensed financial statements and in preparing the opening SLFRS/LKAS, unless other indicated.

The presentation and classification of the financial statements of the previous periods have been amended, where relevant, for better presentation and to be comparable with those of the current period.

Finance costs

Finance Income comprise interest income from Staff Loans.

Finance cost comprise interest expense on borrowings.

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of LKAS 39 are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments and available for sale financial assets, as appropriate and determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. At the reporting date there were no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, available for sale and held to maturity investments.

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction cost.

The financial assets include cash, trade and other receivables and loans and other receivables.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method (EIR), less impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the income statement. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the income statement.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

The right to receive cash flows from the asset have expired

The company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the receivable cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either

(a) the company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or(b) the company has either transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of it, the asset is recognised to the extent of the company's continuing involvement in it.

In the case, the company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the company has retained. Continuing involvement that takes the form of guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the company could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

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Events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and where observable data indicate there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities within the scope of LKAS 39 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives as appropriate and determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and in the case of loans and borrowings, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

The financial liabilities include trade and other payables, bank overdrafts, loans and borrowings.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the income statement.

The company has not designated any financial liabilities upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Borrowings

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement when the liability are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate method (EIR) amortization process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in the finance costs in the income statement.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and net amount reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the income statement. Substantially modified, such an exchange,

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company principal financial liabilities comprise of loans, borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the company's operations. The Company has trade and other receivables, and cash that arise directly from its operations. The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the company's financial performance. Risk management is carried out under policies approved by the Board of Directors.

Share Information

Public share holdings

The percentage of shares held by the public as at 31 March 2017 was 21.02% (31 March 2016-24.08%)

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Directors' share holdings

The number of shares held by the Board of Directors are as follows:

As at	31-Mar-17	31-Mar-16
Mr J A Panabokke	1,965,791	542,388
Mr M U Maniku	1,217,306	1,217,306
Mr R T Molligoda	626,200	626,200
Mr A N Esufally	332,000	332,000
Ms D L Panabokke	124,634	72,234
Mr J Asitha Panabokke (Alternate Director		
to Ms D L Panabokke)	98,400	72,400
	4,364,331	2,862,528

Twenty largest shareholders of the company	are as follows:	
As at	31-Mar-17	%
Universal Enterprises Pvt Ltd	32,683,550	69.44
Freudenberg Shipping Agencies Limited	3,266,528	6.94
Mr J A Panabokke	1,965,791	4.18
Mr B D Panabokke	1,502,843	3.19
Estate of Late Mrs L R Panabokke	1,481,687	3.15
Mr M U Maniku	1,217,306	2.59
Mr R T Molligoda	626,200	1.33
Mercantile Investments and Finance PLC	507,000	1.08
Mr A N Esufally	332,000	0.71
Mackwoods Securities Limited	229,627	0.49
Estate of late Mr K M Panabokke	170,519	0.36
National Savings Bank	133,300	0.28
Ms. D L Panabokke	124,634	0.26
Mrs K D Panabokke	124,284	0.26
Dee Investments Pvt Ltd	110,000	0.23
Mr J A Panabokke	98,400	0.21
Alliance Finance Company PLC	71,928	0.15
Mackwoods Enterprises Limited	66,593	0.14
Mr. R Ratnagopal	57,800	0.12
Mr S Abishek	39,000	0.08
Others	2,257,457	4.80
	47,066,447	100.00

Stated capital

Stated capital is represented by number of shares in issue as given below:

As at 31 March 2017	No of Shares	Holding %	No of Shareholders
Others	37,172,515	78.98	08
Public	9,893,932	21.02	2188
Ordinary shares	47,066,447	100.00	2196
Net assets per share As at	31-Mar-17	31-Mar-16	
	24.68	24.47	
Not assate nor chore have been calculated for all re-	ariads based on the number of shares in i	seue as at 31 March 20	017

Net assets per share have been calculated, for all periods, based on the number of shares in issue as at 31 March 2017.

Market price per share					
For the quarter ended 31 March		2017	2016		
		Rs.			
Highest		22.00	24.60	and the second se	
Lowest		18.00	18.50		
Last traded	*	19.00	22.60		

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Contingencies, capital and other commitments

A Contingent Liability of Rs.10 million exists due to a legal claim by a customer in the ordinary course of business. Mahaweli Reach Hotels PLC maintains a public liability insurance policy and the matter has been referred to the insurers. An evaluation of the likelihood of an unfavourable outcome resulting in a potential loss cannot be quantified or commented upon at this stage.

Event after the reporting period

There are no material subsequent events to the Balance Sheet date that require disclosure in the interim financial statements.