MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE 03 MONTHS ENDED
30 JUNE 2016.

MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the 03 Months Ended 30 June

	Unaudited 2016	Unaudited 2015
NOTE	Rs.	Rs.
Revenue	97,767,273	102,902,460
Cost of sales	(68,516,187)	(62,913,371)
Gross profit	29,251,086	39,989,089
Other income	11,729,465	14,279,993
Marketing & Promotional expenses	(6,251,036)	(6,996,121
Administrative & Other expenses	(63,231,241)	(59,718,361
Operating profit	(28,501,727)	(12,445,400
Finance costs	(5,208,169)	(4,492,532
Finance income	182,625	215,854
Finance costs - net	(5,025,544)	(4,276,678)
Profit before income tax	(33,527,271)	(16,722,078)
Income tax expense		
Profit/(Loss) for the period	(33,527,271)	(16,722,078)
Earning/(Loss) per Share Rs.		
Basic	(0.71)	(0.36)

MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Unaudited 30.06,2016 Rs.	Unaudited 30.06.2015 Rs.
*	IKS.	Pos.
Assets Non-current assets		
Property Plant & Equipment	1,301,449,862	1,151,457,744
Deferred Tax Assets	52,809,848	45,842,434
Work in Progress	14,721,160	8,098,487
Current assets		
Inventories	22,963,800	20,262,419
Trade & Other Receivables	29,684,633	37,805,870
Other current assets	16,791,732	19,039,188
Cash and Cash Equivalents	72,222,210	22,124,309
	141,662,374	99,231,786
Total Assets	1,510,643,245	1,304,630,451
Equity and liabilities		
Stated Capital	585,445,870	585,445,870
Revaluation Reserves	538,688,179	417,122,058
Retained Earnings	13,583,489	(18,533,257
Total equity	1,137,717,538	984,034,671
Liabilities		
Non-current liabilities		
Interest Bearing Borrowings	118,520,852	128,332,824
Deferred Tax Liability	83,079,870	48,372,299
Retirement Benefit Obligations	45,133,461	32,340,453
	246,734,183	209,045,576
Current liabilities		
Trade and Other Payables	39,832,473	34,304,857
Due to Related Companies	8,314,453	17,213,214
Other Current Liabilities	2,438,176	5,824,895
Current Portion of Interest Bearing Borrowings	36,563,970	24,755,980
Bank Overdrafts	39,042,451	29,451,260
	126,191,524	111,550,206
Total liabilities	372,925,707	320,595,782
Total equity and liabilities	1,510,643,245	1,304,630,451

These Financial Statements are in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act No.07 of 2007.

Sanjeewa Wickramasinghe Chief Accountant

The above figures are provisional & subject to audit Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

Signed for and on behalf of the Board

'04 August 2016

Direct

W P Hettiaratchi

Director

MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Stated Capital Rs.	Revaluation Reserve Rs.	Retained Earnings Rs.	Total Rs.
Balance as at 1st April 2016	585,445,870	417,122,058	47,110,760	1,049,678,688
Profit or loss			(33,527,271)	(33,527,271)
Balance as at 30 June 2016	585,445,870	417,122,058	13,583,490	1,016,151,417
Balance as at 1st April 2015	585,445,870	417,122,058	(1,811,178)	1,000,756,750
Profit or loss			(16,722,079)	(16,722,079)
Balance as at 30 June 2015	585,445,870	417,122,058	(18,533,257)	984,034,671

MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Unaudited 30,06,2016 Rs.	Unaudited 30,06,2015 Rs.
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit / (Loss) for the period	(33,527,271)	(16,722,079)
Adjustments for :-		
Depreciation of Property, plant and equipment	14,497,257	10,838,253
Interest Expenses	4,158,984	3,221,419
Movement in Provision for Gratuity & Accruals	(232,251)	
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities :-	18,423,990	14,059,672
(Increase) / Decrease In Inventories	(2,334,188)	8,007,920
(Increase) / Decrease In Trade and other receivables	21,019,048	18,003,901
Increase / (Decrease) in due to related parties	(16,603,065)	(15,779,181
Increase / (Decrease) In Trade & Other payables	(21,269,486)	(12,013,609
metalog (Estatable) in vine & some payment	(34,290,973)	(4,443,376)
Interest paid	(4,158,984)	(3,221,419)
Net cash generated from operating activities	(38,449,957)	(7,664,795
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchases of Property Plant & Equipments	(13,260,760)	(13,758,686
Net cash used in investing activities	(13,260,760)	(13,758,686
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayment of Loans & Leases	(7,895,813)	(11,807,990
Net cash used in financing activities	(7,895,813)	(11,807,990
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(59,606,530)	(33,231,471
Cash & Cash equivalents at beginning of the year	92,786,288	25,904,521
Cash & cash equivalents at end of period	33,179,759	(7,326,950

MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CORPORATE INFORMATION

INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The interim condensed financial statements of the Company for the 03 Months ended 30 June 2016 were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 04 August 2016.

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The interim condensed financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standard (SLAS) LKAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting. These interim condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017.

These financial statements quarter ended 30 June 2016 have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for land and buildings.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The changes to accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these interim condensed financial statements and in preparing the opening SLFRS/LKAS, unless other indicated.

The presentation and classification of the financial statements of the previous periods have been amended, where relevant, for better presentation and to be comparable with those of the current period.

Finance costs

Finance Income comprise interest income from Staff Loans.

Finance cost comprise interest expense on borrowings

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of LKAS 39 are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments and available for sale financial assets, as appropriate and determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. At the reporting date there were no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, available for sale and held to maturity investments.

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction cost

The financial assets include cash, trade and other receivables and loans and other receivables.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method (EIR), less impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the income statement. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the income statement.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

The right to receive cash flows from the asset have expired

The company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the receivable cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either

- (a) the company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- (b) the company has either transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of it, the asset is recognised to the extent of the company's continuing involvement in it.

In the case, the company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the company has retained. Continuing involvement that takes the form of guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the company could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and where observable data indicate there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities within the scope of LKAS 39 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives as appropriate and determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and in the case of loans and borrowings, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

The financial liabilities include trade and other payables, bank overdrafts, loans and borrowings.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the income statement.

The company has not designated any financial liabilities upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Borrowings

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement when the liability are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate method (EIR) amortization process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in the finance costs in the income statement.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and net amount reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the income statement. Substantially modified, such an exchange,

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company principal financial liabilities comprise of loans, borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the company's operations. The Company has trade and other receivables, and cash that arise directly from its operations. The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the company's financial performance. Risk management is carried out under policies approved by the Board of Directors.

Share Information

Public share holdings

The percentage of shares held by the public as at 30 June 2016 was 24.47%(30 June 2015- 24.43%)

Directors' share holdings

The number of shares held by the Board of Directors are as follows:

As at	30-Jun-16	30-Jun-15
Mr J A Panabokke	542,388	540,388
Mr M U Maniku	1,217,306	1,217,306
Mr R T Molligoda	626,200	626,200
Mr A N Esufally	332,000	332,000
Mr K M Panabokke		170,519
Ms D L Panabokke	74,234	
Mr J Asitha Panabokke (Alternate Director		
to Ms D L Panabokke)	72,400	
	2,864,528	2,886,413

t shareholders of the company are as follows:

Twenty largest shareholders of the company	30-Jun-16	%
As at Universal Enterprises Pvt Ltd	32,683,550	69.44
Estate of Late Mrs L R Panabokke	4,445,062	9.44
Freudenberg Shipping Agencies Limited	3,146,619	6.69
Mr M U Maniku	1,217,306	2.59
Mr R T Molligoda	626,200	1.33
Mercantile Investments and Finance PLC	507,000	1.08
Mr J A Panabokke	484,104	1.03
Mr A N Esufally	332,000	0.71
Estate of late Mr K M Panabokke	164,000	0.35
Gold Investments Ltd	150,000	0.32
National Savings Bank	133,300	0.28
Dee Investments Pvt Ltd	110,000	0.23
Ms. D L Panabokke	74,234	0.16
Mr J A Panabokke	72,400	0.15
Alliance Finance Company PLC	71,928	0.15
Mrs. K D Panabokke	58,284	0.12
Mr. R Ratnagopal	57,800	0.12
Mr. H P N Fonseka	50,000	0.11
Mr B M G Rathnasiri	40,000	0.08
Mr S Abishek	39,000	0.08
Others	2,603,660	5.53
Outro	47,066,447	100.00

Stated capital

Stated capital is represented by number of shares in issue as given below:

As at 30 June 2016	No of Shares	Holding %	No of Shareholders
Others	35,548,078	75.52	07
Public	11,518,369	24,48	2162
Ordinary shares	47,066,447	100.00	2169
Net assets per share As at	30-Jun-16	30-Jun-15	
ites assets per anni e so m	24.17	21.27	
		1. to	ma 2016

Net assets per share have been calculated, for all periods, based on the number of shares in issue as at 30 June 2016.

Market price per share For the quarter ended 30 June	2016	2015
For the quarter change 50 suns	Rs.	Rs.
Highest	23.70	22.50
Lowest	20.60	20.10
Last traded	22.50	23.00

Contingencies, capital and other commitments

A Contingent Liability of Rs.10 million exists due to a legal claim by a customer in the ordinary course of business. Mahaweli Reach Hotels PLC maintains a public liability insurance policy and the matter has been referred to the insurers. An evaluation of the likelihood of an unfavourable outcome resulting in a potential loss cannot be quantified or commented upon at this stage.

Event after the reporting period

There are no material subsequent events to the Balance Sheet date that require disclosure in the interim financial statements.