

MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE 03 MONTHS ENDED

30 JUNE 2018.

MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME


For the 03 Months Ended 30th June

NOTE	Unaudited 2018 Rs.	Unaudited 2017 Rs.
Revenue	95,815,864	95,922,813
Cost of sales	(69,970,697)	(67,409,451)
Gross profit	25,845,168	28,513,362
Other income	10,934,672	11,185,508
Marketing & Promotional expenses	(8,805,829)	(6,505,270)
Administrative & Other expenses	(65,539,533)	(62,965,359)
Operating profit	(37,565,522)	(29,771,759)
Finance costs	(6,849,047)	(5,761,511)
Finance income	233,638	263,775
Finance costs - net	(6,615,410)	(5,497,736)
Profit before income tax	(44,180,931)	(35,269,495)
Income tax expense	(1,048,394)	(1,046,914)
Profit/(Loss) for the period	(45,229,325)	(36,316,409)
Earning/(Loss) per Share Rs.		
Basic	(0.96)	(0.77)

MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

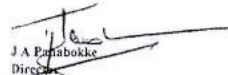
	Unaudited 30.06.2018 Rs.	Unaudited 30.06.2017 Rs.
Assets		
Non-current assets		
Property Plant & Equipment	1,271,215,765	1,290,050,884
Deferred Tax Assets	44,197,512	48,257,911
Work in Progress	62,852,291	42,580,257
Current assets		
Inventories	22,158,121	21,138,796
Trade & Other Receivables	34,254,712	39,201,114
Other current assets	42,970,673	39,224,684
Cash and Cash Equivalents	17,507,852	3,054,898
Total Assets	1,495,156,926	1,483,598,545
Equity and liabilities		
Stated Capital	585,445,870	585,445,870
Revaluation Reserves	538,688,179	538,688,179
Retained Earnings	(47,391,289)	1,086,420
Total equity	1,076,742,760	1,125,220,469
Liabilities		
Non-current liabilities		
Interest Bearing Borrowings	81,572,943	72,360,969
Deferred Tax Liability	95,996,469	94,627,197
Retirement Benefit Obligations	52,366,404	47,208,170
Current liabilities	229,935,816	214,196,336
Trade and Other Payables	52,425,469	44,729,404
Due to Related Companies	5,711,667	16,083,962
Other Current Liabilities	11,643,105	11,845,780
Current Portion of Interest Bearing Borrowings	36,963,970	30,563,970
Bank Overdrafts	81,734,139	40,958,623
Total liabilities	418,414,166	358,378,076
Total equity and liabilities	1,495,156,926	1,483,598,545

These Financial Statements are in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act No 07 of 2007.


Sanjeewa Wickramasinghe
Chief Accountant

The above figures are provisional & subject to audit.
Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

Signed for and on behalf of the Board


J A Patabokke
Director
30 July 2018


W P Hettiaratchi
Director

MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Stated Capital Rs.	Revaluation Reserve Rs.	Retained Earnings Rs.	Total Rs.
Balance as at 1st April 2018	585,445,870	538,688,179	(2,161,964)	1,121,972,085
Profit or loss	-	-	(45,229,325)	(45,229,325)
Balance as at 30 June 2018	585,445,870	538,688,179	(47,391,289)	1,076,742,760
Balance as at 1st April 2017	585,445,870	538,688,179	37,402,829	1,161,536,878
Profit or loss	-	-	(36,316,409)	(36,316,409)
Balance as at 30 June 2017	585,445,870	538,688,179	1,086,420	1,125,220,469

MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Unaudited 30.06.2018 Rs.	Unaudited 30.06.2017 Rs.
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit / (Loss) for the period	(44,180,931)	(35,269,495)
Adjustments for :-		
Depreciation of Property, plant and equipment	14,378,848	15,844,156
Interest Expenses	3,818,399	3,046,699
Movement in Provision for Gratuity & Accruals	(63,250)	(2,546,702)
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities :-	18,133,997	16,344,153
(Increase) / Decrease In Inventories	(429,203)	(76,987)
(Increase) / Decrease In Trade and other receivables	30,361,572	24,102,854
Increase / (Decrease) in due to related parties	(5,394,659)	12,427,303
Increase / (Decrease) In Trade & Other payables	(6,873,242)	(16,504,419)
	(8,382,465)	1,023,408
Interest paid	(3,818,400)	(3,046,699)
Tax paid	(1,048,394)	(1,046,914)
<i>Net cash generated from operating activities</i>	<i>(13,249,259)</i>	<i>(3,070,205)</i>
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchases of Property Plant & Equipments	(11,326,080)	(20,587,931)
<i>Net cash used in investing activities</i>	<i>(11,326,080)</i>	<i>(20,587,931)</i>
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayment of Loans & Leases	(7,229,801)	(10,614,677)
<i>Net cash used in financing activities</i>	<i>(7,229,801)</i>	<i>(10,614,677)</i>
<i>Net increase in cash and cash equivalents</i>	<i>(31,805,141)</i>	<i>(34,272,813)</i>
Cash & Cash equivalents at beginning of the year	(32,421,147)	(3,630,912)
Cash & cash equivalents at end of period	(64,226,287)	(37,903,724)

MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC
NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CORPORATE INFORMATION

INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The interim condensed financial statements of the Company for the 03 Months ended 30 June 2018 were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 30 July 2018.

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The interim condensed financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standard (SLAS) LKAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting. These interim condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019.

These financial statements quarter ended 30 June 2018 have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for land and buildings.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The changes to accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these interim condensed financial statements and in preparing the opening SLFRS/LKAS, unless other indicated.

The presentation and classification of the financial statements of the previous periods have been amended, where relevant, for better presentation and to be comparable with those of the current period.

Finance costs

Finance Income comprise interest income from Staff Loans.

Finance cost comprise interest expense on borrowings.

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of LKAS 39 are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments and available for sale financial assets, as appropriate and determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. At the reporting date there were no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, available for sale and held to maturity investments.

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction cost.

The financial assets include cash, trade and other receivables and loans and other receivables.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method (EIR), less impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the income statement. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the income statement.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

The right to receive cash flows from the asset have expired

The company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the receivable cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either

(a) the company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or

(b) the company has either transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of it, the asset is recognised to the extent of the company's continuing involvement in it.

In the case, the company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the company has retained. Continuing involvement that takes the form of guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the company could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and where observable data indicate there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Financial liabilities**Initial recognition and measurement**

Financial liabilities within the scope of LKAS 39 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives as appropriate and determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and in the case of loans and borrowings, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

The financial liabilities include trade and other payables, bank overdrafts, loans and borrowings.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the income statement.

The company has not designated any financial liabilities upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Borrowings

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement when the liability are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate method (EIR) amortization process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in the finance costs in the income statement.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and net amount reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are modified and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the income statement. Substantially modified, such an exchange,

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company principal financial liabilities comprise of loans, borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the company's operations. The Company has trade and other receivables, and cash that arise directly from its operations. The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the company's financial performance. Risk management is carried out under policies approved by the Board of Directors.

Share Information

Public share holdings

The percentage of shares held by the public as at 30 June 2018 was 19.81% (30 June 2017- 24.47%)

Directors' share holdings

The number of shares held by the Board of Directors are as follows:

As at	30-Jun-18	30-Jun-17
Mr J A Panabokke	1,905,858	1,965,791
Mr M U Maniku	1,217,306	1,217,306
Mr R T Molligoda	626,200	626,200
Mr A N Esufally	332,000	332,000
Ms D L Panabokke	177,634	124,634
Mr J Asitha Panabokke (Alternate Director to Ms D L Panabokke)	151,987	98,400
	<u>4,410,985</u>	<u>4,364,331</u>

Twenty largest shareholders of the company are as follows:

As at	30-Jun-18	%
Universal Enterprises Pvt Ltd	32,683,550	69.44
Freudenberg Shipping Agencies Limited	3,289,668	6.99
Mr J A Panabokke	1,905,858	4.05
Mr B D Panabokke	1,502,843	3.19
Mr M U Maniku	1,217,306	2.59
Estate of late Mr K M Panabokke	829,304	1.76
Estate of Late Mrs L R Panabokke	819,050	1.74
Mr R T Molligoda	626,200	1.33
Mr J A Panabokke & Mrs K D Panabokke	521,465	1.11
Mr A N Esufally	332,000	0.71
Mackwoods Securities Limited	229,627	0.49
Ms D L Panabokke	177,634	0.38
Mr J Asitha Panabokke	151,987	0.32
National Savings Bank	133,300	0.28
Mrs K D Panabokke	125,084	0.27
Dee Investments Pvt Ltd	109,900	0.23
Alliance Finance Company PLC	71,928	0.15
Mackwoods Enterprises Limited	66,593	0.14
Mr R Ratnagopal	57,800	0.12
Rosewood Pvt Ltd Account No 01.	50,000	0.11
Others	2,165,350	4.60
	<u>47,066,447</u>	<u>100.00</u>

Stated capital

Stated capital is represented by number of shares in issue as given below:

As at 30 June 2018	No of Shares	Holding %	No of Shareholders
Others	37,741,084	80.19	08
Public	9,325,363	19.81	2227
Ordinary shares	47,066,447	100.00	2235

Net assets per share As at

	30-Jun-18	30-Jun-17
	22.88	23.91

Net assets per share have been calculated, for all periods, based on the number of shares in issue as at 30 June 2018.

Market price per share

For the quarter ended 30 June	2018	2017
	Rs.	Rs.
Highest	18.40	21.90
Lowest	14.90	19.00
Last traded	15.20	19.50
Market Capitalization on 30 June	715,409,994	917,795,717

Minimum Public Holding Requirement as per Listing Rules 7.13.1

	Float Adjusted Market Capitalisation - (Rs.)	Public Holding Percentage	No of Shareholders	Option
Minimum Public Holding	141,722,720	19.81	2,227	2

Contingencies, capital and other commitments

A Contingent Liability of Rs. 10 million exists due to a legal claim by a customer in the ordinary course of business. Mahaweli Reach Hotels PLC maintains a public liability insurance policy and the matter has been referred to the insurers. An evaluation of the likelihood of an unfavourable outcome resulting in a potential loss cannot be quantified or commented upon at this stage.

Event after the reporting period

There are no material subsequent events to the Balance Sheet date that require disclosure in the interim financial statements.