

MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE 03 MONTHS ENDED

30 JUNE 2014.

For the 03 Months Ended 30th June

For the 03 Months Ended 30th June

	NOTE	2014 Rs.	2013 Rs.	2014 Rs.	2013 Rs.
Revenue		100,438,968	90,545,090	100,438,968	90,545,090
Cost of sales		(53,409,496)	(47,995,726)	(53,409,496)	(47,995,726)
Gross profit		47,029,472	42,549,364	47,029,472	42,549,364
Other income		7,634,591	6,102,780	7,634,591	6,102,780
Marketing & Promotional expenses		(5,730,476)	(5,282,143)	(5,730,476)	(5,282,143)
Administrative & Other expenses		(57,803,801)	(51,584,331)	(57,803,801)	(51,584,331)
Operating profit		(8,870,213)	(8,214,330)	(8,870,213)	(8,214,330)
Finance costs		(4,416,862)	(4,753,608)	(4,416,862)	(4,753,608)
Finance income		436,998	161,136	436,998	161,136
Finance costs - net		(3,979,864)	(4,592,472)	(3,979,864)	(4,592,472)
Profit before income tax		(12,850,078)	(12,806,802)	(12,850,078)	(12,806,802)
Income tax expense		-	-	-	-
Profit for the period		(12,850,078)	(12,806,802)	(12,850,078)	(12,806,802)
Earning per Share Rs.					
Basic		(0.27)	(0.27)	(0.27)	(0.27)

MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Unaudited as at 30.06.2014 Rs.	Unaudited as at 30.06.2013 Rs.
Assets		
Non-current assets		
Property Plant & Equipment	1,069,990,085	1,057,882,053
Deferred Tax Assets	43,548,882	48,990,743
Work in Progress	49,666,145	14,195,787
Current assets		
Inventories	23,672,614	25,297,507
Trade & Other Receivables	39,146,907	46,009,299
Other current assets	23,348,480	22,783,096
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,242,367	14,748,039
	89,410,367	108,837,941
Total Assets	1,252,615,479	1,229,906,524
Equity and liabilities		
Stated Capital	585,562,470	585,562,470
Revaluation Reserves	417,122,058	417,122,058
Retained Earnings	(55,494,502)	(75,469,914)
Total equity	947,190,025	927,214,614
Liabilities		
Non-current liabilities		
Interest Bearing Borrowings	115,079,629	130,331,155
Deferred Tax Liability	46,332,944	39,339,550
Retirement Benefit Obligations	23,642,849	21,036,036
Current liabilities		
Trade and Other Payables	36,669,708	41,825,855
Due to Related Companies	27,587,677	34,147,246
Other Current Liabilities	12,019,475	4,652,144
Current Portion of Interest Bearing Borrowings	21,817,476	24,805,001
Bank Overdrafts	22,275,696	6,554,924
Total liabilities	305,425,454	302,691,911
Total equity and liabilities	1,252,615,479	1,229,906,524

These Financial Statements are in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act No.07 of 2007.



Sanjeewa Wickramasinghe
 Accountant

The above figures are provisional & subject to audit
 Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

Signed for and on behalf of the Board


J A Panabokke
 Director

30 July 2014


W P Hettiaratchi
 Director

MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Stated Capital	Revaluation	Retained Earnings	Total
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Balance as at 1st April 2014	585,562,470	417,122,058	(42,644,425)	960,040,103
Profit or loss	-	-	(12,850,078)	(12,850,078)
Balance as at 30 June 2014	585,562,470	417,122,058	(55,494,503)	947,190,025
Balance as at 1st April 2013	585,562,470	417,122,058	(62,663,112)	940,021,416
Profit or loss	-	-	(12,806,802)	(12,806,802)
Balance as at 30 June 2014	585,562,470	417,122,058	(75,469,914)	927,214,613

MAHAWELI REACH HOTELS PLC
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Unaudited as at 30.06.2014 Rs.	Unaudited as at 30.06.2013 Rs.
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit / (Loss) for the period	(12,850,078)	(12,806,802)
Adjustments for :-		
Depreciation of Property, plant and equipment	10,500,000	7,500,000
Interest Expenses	3,387,787	4,406,656
Provision for Gratuity	(45,440)	(211,125)
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities :-		
(Increase) / Decrease In Inventories	(647,456)	(356,466)
(Increase) / Decrease In Trade and other receivables	8,487,718	29,549,382
Increase / (Decrease) in due to related parties	(2,396,147)	1,298,141
Increase / (Decrease) In Trade & Other payables	1,588,989	314,760
	8,025,373	29,694,546
Interest paid	(3,387,787)	(4,406,656)
Net cash generated from operating activities	4,637,586	25,287,890
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchases of Property Plant & Equipments	(17,271,825)	(58,354,300)
Net cash used in investing activities	(17,271,825)	(58,354,300)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from Loans	-	35,000,000
Repayment of Loans	(8,172,748)	(8,002,139)
Net cash used in financing activities	(8,172,748)	26,997,861
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(20,806,987)	(6,068,549)
Cash & Cash equivalents at beginning of the year	1,773,658	14,261,665
Cash & cash equivalents at end of period	(19,033,329)	8,193,115

CORPORATE INFORMATION

INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The interim condensed financial statements of the Company for the 03 months ended 30 June 2014 were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 30 July 2014.

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The interim condensed financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standard (SLAS) LKAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting. These interim condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015.

These financial statements quarter ended 30 June 2014 have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for land and buildings.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The changes to accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these interim condensed financial statements and in preparing the opening SLFRS/LKAS, unless other indicated.

The presentation and classification of the financial statements of the previous periods have been amended, where relevant, for better presentation and to be comparable with those of the current period.

Finance costs

Finance Income comprise interest income from staff loans.

Finance cost comprise interest expense on borrowings.

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of LKAS 39 are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments and available for sale financial assets, as appropriate and determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. At the reporting date there were no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, available for sale and held to maturity investments.

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction cost.

The financial assets include cash, trade and other receivables and loans and other receivables.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method (EIR), less impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the income statement. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the income statement.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

The right to receive cash flows from the asset have expired

The company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the receivable cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either

- (a) the company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- (b) the company has either transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of it, the asset is recognised to the extent of the company's continuing involvement in it.

In the case, the company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the company has retained. Continuing involvement that takes the form of guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the company could be required to repay.

A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and where observable data indicate there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities within the scope of LKAS 39 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives as appropriate and determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and in the case of loans and borrowings, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

The financial liabilities include trade and other payables, bank overdrafts, loans and borrowings.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the income statement.

The company has not designated any financial liabilities upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Borrowings

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement when the liability are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate method (EIR) amortization process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in the finance costs in the income statement.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and net amount reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the income statement. Substantially modified, such an exchange,

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company principal financial liabilities comprise of loans, borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the company's operations. The Company has trade and other receivables, and cash that arise directly from its operations. The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the company's financial performance. Risk management is carried out under policies approved by the Board of Directors.

Share Information**Public share holdings**

The percentage of shares held by the public as at 30 June 2014 was 24.56% (30 June 2013- 24.59%)

Directors' share holdings

The number of shares held by the Board of Directors are as follows:

As at	30-Jun-14	30-Jun-13
Mr J A Panabokke	535,388	520,388
Mr M U Maniku	1,160,380	1,160,380
Mr R T Molligoda	626,200	626,200
Mr A N Esufally	332,000	332,000
Mr K M Panabokke	170,519	170,519
	<u>2,824,487</u>	<u>2,809,487</u>

Twenty largest shareholders of the company are as follows:

As at	30-Jun-14	%
Universal Enterprises Pvt Ltd	32,683,550	69.44
Estate of Late Mrs L R Panabokke	4,445,062	9.44
Mr J R De Silva	1,435,928	3.05
Mr M U Maniku	1,160,380	2.47
Mr R T Molligoda	626,200	1.33
Mercantile Investments and Finance PLC	507,000	1.08
Mr J A Panabokke	484,104	1.03
Mr A N Esufally	332,000	0.71
Gold Investments Ltd	286,848	0.61
Mr A W Nanayakkara	177,500	0.38
Sinhaputhra Finance Ltd	167,200	0.36
Mr K M Panabokke	164,000	0.35
National Savings Bank	133,300	0.28
Dee Investments Pvt Ltd	110,000	0.23
Mr. M S M Ali	105,038	0.22
Mr. R A L White	100,854	0.21
Freudenberg Shipping Agencies Limited	90,123	0.19
Ms. C Wijerathne	85,537	0.18
Mrs. N H Abdul Husein	73,501	0.16
Mr J A Panabokke	72,400	0.15
Others	3,825,922	8.13
	<u>47,066,447</u>	<u>100.00</u>

Stated capital

Stated capital is represented by number of shares in issue as given below:

As at	30-Jun-14	30-Jun-13
Ordinary shares	47,066,447	47,066,447
Preference Shares	11,660	11,660

Net assets per share As at

30-Jun-14	30-Jun-13
20.12	19.70

Net assets per share have been calculated, for all periods, based on the number of shares in issue as at 30 June 2014.

Market price per share

For the quarter ended 30 June	2014	2013
	Rs.	Rs.
Highest	19.90	21.50
Lowest	16.20	18.80
Last traded	19.70	18.90

Contingencies, capital and other commitments

A Contingent Liability of Rs. 10 million exists due to a legal claim by a customer in the ordinary course of business. Mahaweli Reach Hotels PLC maintains a public liability insurance policy and the matter has been referred to the insurers. An evaluation of the likelihood of an unfavourable outcome resulting in a potential loss cannot be quantified or commented upon at this stage.

The following Capital expenditure has been approved by board of Directors but not paid so far,

Spa Rs. 4Mn

Error Correction

Due to an oversight, the Accounts for the previous quarter ending 31 March 2014, the stated capital which include redeemable Preference Shares of 11,660 of Rs. 116,600/- had been incorrectly shown under Creditors where as it should have been under Stated Capital. This error is now corrected in the above Accounts.

Event after the reporting period

There are no material subsequent events to the Balance Sheet date that require disclosure in the interim financial statements.